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PS-ISZ-1215B-00-05  
Release Date: 05/20/10

# ISZ-1215 Single-Axis Z-Gyro Product Specification

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## 1. Revision History

Revision Date	Revision	Description
10/28/08	01	Initial Release
02/20/2009	02	Minor Edits
07/08/09	03	Reversed orientation of positive Z-axis rotation; removed package landing diagram; new solder reflow specifications; updated environmental compliance section; updated qualification test policy; corrected sensitivity and full-scale range values; added VREF and temperature sensor output (multiple sections); moved disclaimer to end of document and changed wording; various other figure and wording changes.
04/13/10	04	Removed confidentiality mark
05/20/10	05	Updated AutoZero section to include pin connection recommendation when AZ function not used.



## **2. Purpose and Scope**

This document is a preliminary product specification, providing a description, specifications, and hardware design related information relating to the ISZ-1215 gyroscope.

Electrical characteristics in this preliminary document are based upon simulation results and limited characterization data of advanced samples only. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Final specifications will be updated based upon characterization of final silicon.

## **3. Product Overview**

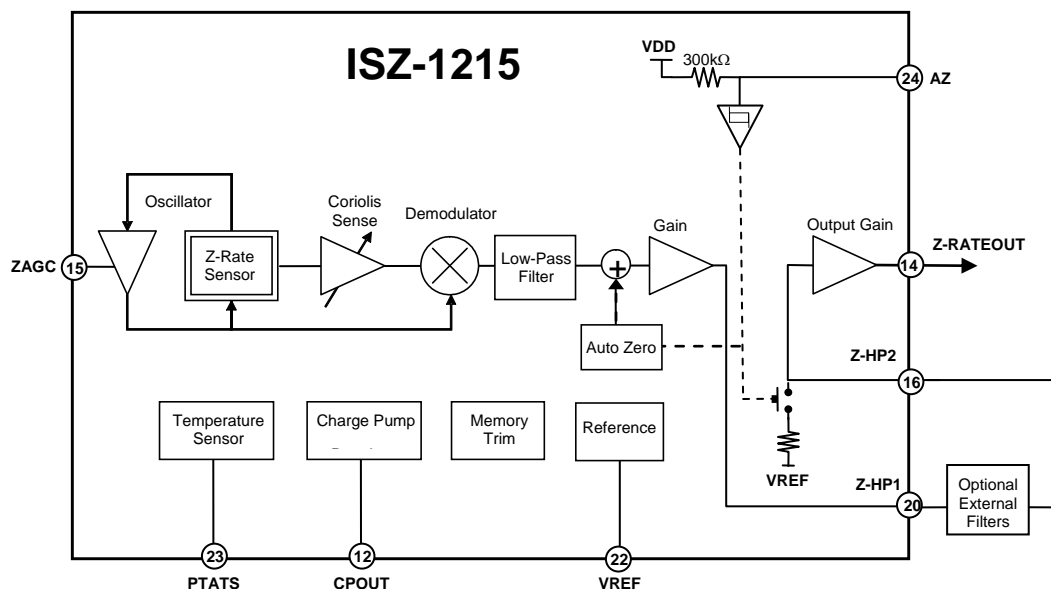
The ISZ-1215 is a state-of-the-art single-axis Z-gyroscope designed specifically for complex motion sensing in navigation and general-purpose motion-sensing applications. The ISZ-1215 gyroscope utilizes state-of-the-art MEMS fabrication with wafer-scale integration technology. This technology combines completed MEMS wafers and completed CMOS electronic wafers together using a patented and proprietary wafer-scale bonding process that simultaneously provides electrical connections and hermetically sealed enclosures. This unique and novel fabrication technique is the key enabling technology that allows for the design and manufacture of high performance, integrated MEMS gyroscopes in a very small and economical package. Integration at the wafer-level minimizes parasitic capacitances, allowing for improved signal-to-noise over a discrete solution. With the addition of the new patent-pending Auto Zero feature for minimizing bias drift over temperature, the ISZ-1215 offers unparalleled gyroscope performance in 3D-input and gaming applications.

## **4. Features**

By integrating the control electronics with the sensor elements at the wafer level, the ISZ-1215 gyroscope supports a rich feature set including:

- Z-axis (yaw rate) gyro on a single chip
- Full-scale range of  $\pm 67^\circ/\text{sec}$
- Factory calibrated scale factor of  $15\text{mV}/^\circ/\text{sec}$
- Integrated amplifiers and low-pass filter
- Auto Zero function
- High-pass filter reset function
- On-chip temperature sensor
- High vibration rejection over wide frequency range
- High cross-axis isolation by proprietary MEMS design
- 3V single-supply operation
- Hermetically sealed for temperature and humidity resistance
- 10,000 g shock tolerant
- Smallest single axis gyro package at 4 x 5 x 1.2mm
- RoHS and Green Compliant

## 5. Functional Block Diagram



**Figure 1**

## 6. Functional Description

### 6.1 Overview

The ISZ-1215 gyroscope consists of a dual-mass, vibratory MEMS gyroscope. The gyroscope measures rotation rate about the Z-axis, the axis normal to the surface of the package.

The gyroscope's proof-masses are electrostatically oscillated at resonance. An internal automatic gain control circuit precisely controls the oscillation of the proof masses. When the sensor is rotated about the Z-axis, the Coriolis Effect causes a vibration that can be detected by a capacitive pickoff. The resulting signal is amplified, demodulated, and filtered to produce an analog voltage that is proportional to the angular rate.

### 6.2 Rate Sensor

The mechanical structure for detecting angular rate about the Z-axis is fabricated using InvenSense's proprietary bulk silicon technology. The structure is covered and hermetically sealed at the wafer level. The cover shields the gyro from electromagnetic and radio frequency interferences (EMI/RFI). The dual-mass design inherently rejects any signal caused by linear acceleration.

### 6.3 Oscillator Circuit

The oscillator circuit generates electrostatic forces to vibrate the structure at resonance. The circuit detects the vibration by measuring the capacitance between the oscillating structure and a fixed electrode. The oscillator circuit switches in quadrature phase with the capacitance measurement in order to vibrate at resonance.

### 6.4 Amplitude Control

The scale factor of the gyroscope depends on the amplitude of the mechanical motion and the trim setting of the internal programmable gain stages. The oscillation circuit precisely controls the amplitude to maintain constant sensitivity over the operating temperature range.

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## 6.5 Coriolis Sense

Rotating the sensor about the Z-axis results in a Coriolis force on the Z-rate sensor. The Coriolis force causes the mechanical structure to vibrate in-plane. The resulting vibration is detected by measuring the capacitance change between the mechanical structure and fixed electrodes. This signal is converted to a voltage waveform by means of low-noise charge integrating amplifier and amplification stages.

## 6.6 Demodulator

The output of the Coriolis sense is an amplitude modulated waveform. The amplitude corresponds to the rotation rate, and the carrier frequency is the mechanical drive frequency. The synchronous demodulator converts the Coriolis sense waveform to the low-frequency, angular rate signal.

## 6.7 Low-Pass Filter

After the demodulation stage, there is a low-pass filter. This filter attenuates noise and high frequency artifacts before final amplification.

## 6.8 High-Pass Filter

Use of an external high-pass filter is recommended in order to minimize DC rate offset variation over temperature. The high-pass filter can be implemented with external passive components or digitally.

## 6.9 High-Pass Filter Reset Switch

An integrated switch can be used to reset an external high-pass filter. It may be desirable to reset the high-pass filter's capacitor during power-up or after certain user-defined conditions.

## 6.10 Auto Zero

The Auto Zero function is used to reduce DC offset caused by bias drift without the need for an external high-pass filter. Pin 24 (AZ) is used to set the Auto Zero function, resetting the bias to approximately VREF. If the Auto Zero function is used, a high-pass filter should not be used.

## 6.11 Temperature Sensor

A built-in Proportional-To-Absolute-Temperature (PTAT) sensor provides temperature information on Pin 23.

## 6.12 Charge Pump

The on-chip charge pump generates the voltage required to oscillate the mechanical structure.

## 6.13 Memory Trim

The on-chip memory is used to select the gyro's sensitivity, calibrate the sensitivity, null DC offsets and select the low-pass filter option

## 6.14 Scale Factor

The Rate-Out of the gyro is not ratiometric to the supply voltage. The scale factor is calibrated at the factory and is nominally independent of supply voltage.

## 6.15 Reference Voltage

The gyro includes a bandgap reference circuit. The output voltage is typically 1.35V and is nominally independent of temperature. The zero-rate signal is nominally equal to the reference value.



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## 7. Specification

### 7.1 Specified Parameters

All parameters specified are @ VDD = 3.0 V and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>SENSITIVITY</b>					
Full-Scale Range			±67		°/s
Sensitivity			15		mV/°/s
Initial Calibration Tolerance			±6		%
Calibration Drift Over Specified Temperature			±10		%
Nonlinearity	Best Fit Straight Line		0.5		% of FS
Cross-axis Sensitivity			±1		%
<b>REFERENCE</b>					
Voltage (VREF)			1.35		V
Tolerance			±50		mV
Load Drive			100		μA
Capacitive Load Drive			100		pF
Power Supply Rejection			1		mV/V
Reference Drift Over Specified Temperature			±5		mV
<b>ZERO-RATE OUTPUT (ZRO)</b>					
Static Output (Bias)	Factory Set		1.35		V
Initial Calibration Tolerance	Relative to VREF		±20		mV
	Without Auto Zero		±200		
ZRO Drift Over Specified Temperature			±50		mV
Power Supply Sensitivity	@ 50 Hz		10		°/sec/V
<b>FREQUENCY RESPONSE</b>					
High Frequency Cutoff	Internal LPF -90°		140		Hz
LPF Phase Delay	10Hz		-4.5		°
<b>MECHANICAL FREQUENCY</b>					
Z-Axis Resonant Frequency		26	30	34	kHz
<b>NOISE PERFORMANCE</b>					
Total RMS Noise	Bandwidth 1Hz to 1kHz		3		mV rms
<b>OUTPUT DRIVE CAPABILITY</b>					
Output Voltage Swing	Load = 100kΩ to VDD/2	0.05		VDD-0.05	V
Capacitive Load Drive			100		pF
Output Impedance			200		Ω
<b>POWER ON-TIME</b>					
Zero-Rate Output	Settling to ±3%/s		50	200	ms
<b>AUTO ZERO / HPF CONTROL SWITCH (AZ)</b>					
AZ Logic High	Rising Input		1.9		V
AZ Logic Low	Falling Input		0.9		V
HPF Reset Pulse Duration	Time AZ is logic high	3			msec
Auto Zero Pulse Duration	Time AZ is logic high	2			μsec
Offset Settle Time after Auto-Zero			7		msec
HPF Switch Resistance			650		Ω



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## 7.2 Specified Parameters, continued

All parameters specified are @ VDD = 3.0 V and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>POWER SUPPLY (VDD)</b> Operating Voltage Range Quiescent Supply Current Supply Current Change Over Specified Temperature		2.7	3.0 4.5 ±1	3.3	V mA mA
<b>TEMPERATURE SENSOR</b> Sensitivity Offset Output Impedance	Range -20 to +85°C		4 1.25 12		mV/°C V kΩ
<b>TEMPERATURE RANGE</b> Specified Temperature Range		-20		+85	°C

## 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

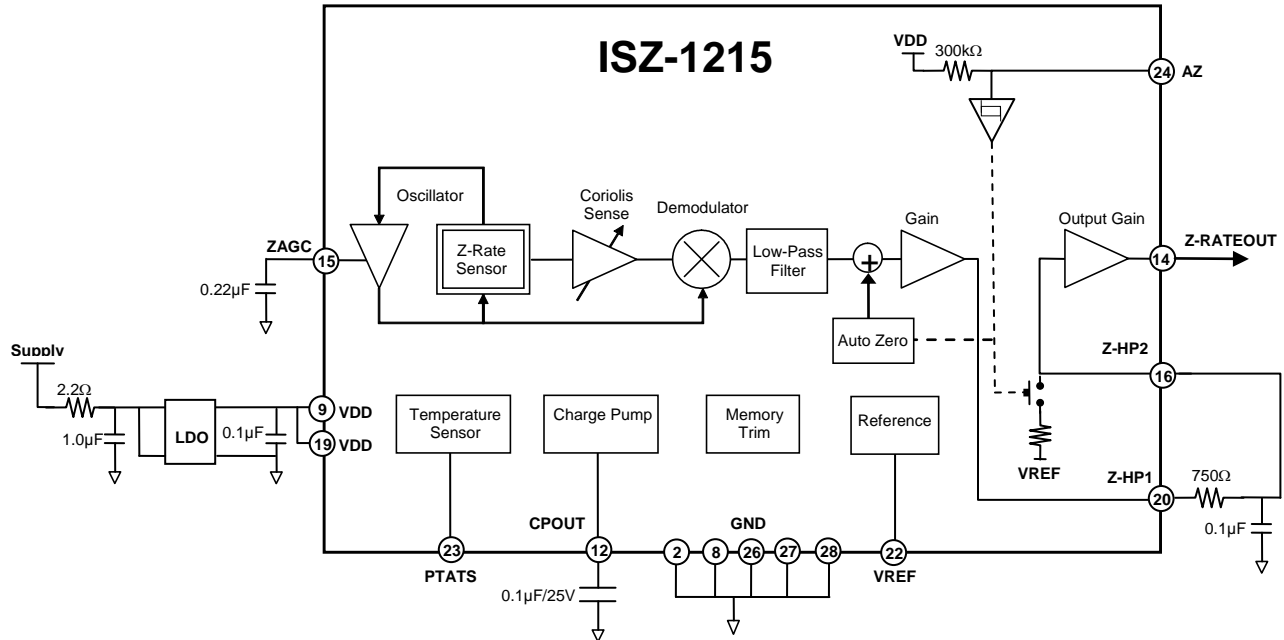
Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage (VDD)	2.7	3.0	3.3	V
Power Supply Voltage (VDD) Rise Time (10% - 90%)			20	ms

## 7.4 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress above those listed as “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device under these conditions is not implied. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltage	-0.3V to +3.6V
Acceleration (Any Axis, unpowered)	10,000g for 0.3ms
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +105°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125°C

## 7.5 Reference Circuit



**Figure 2**

### Bill of Material for External Components

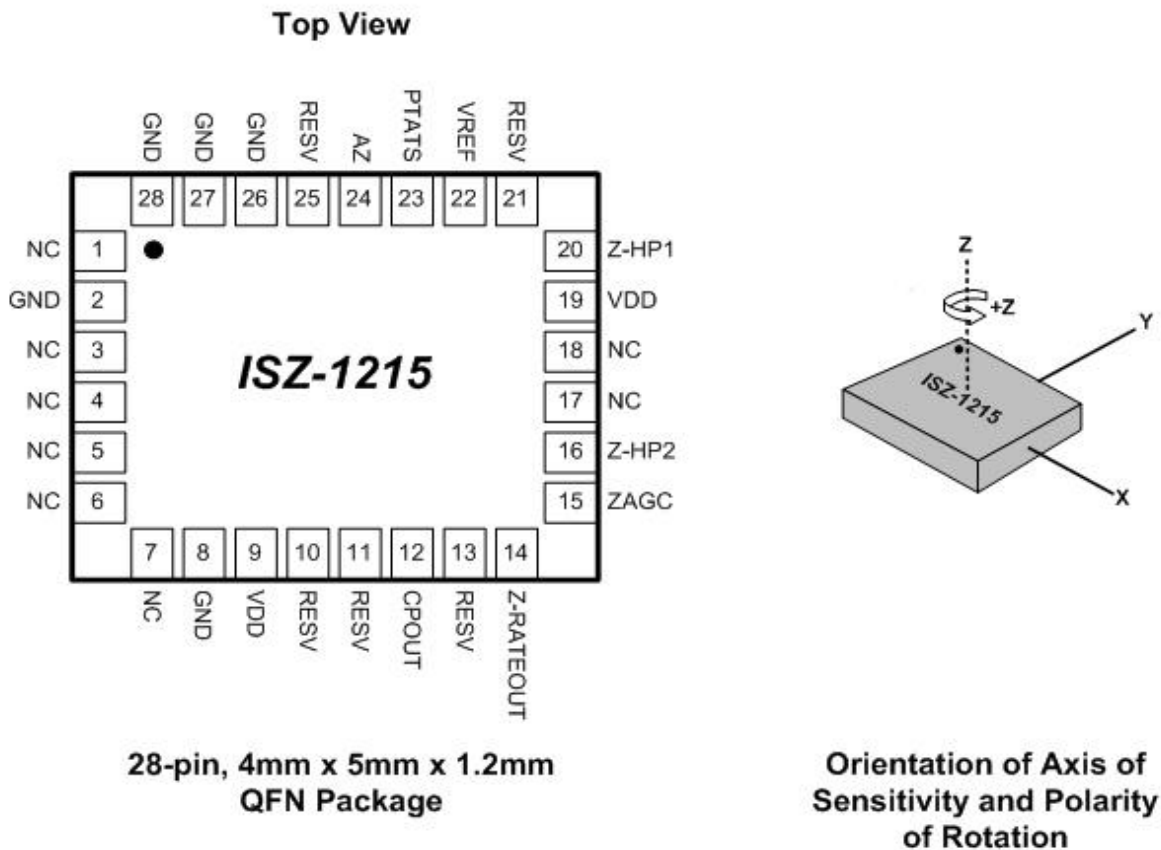
Component	Specification
Low Pass Filter Capacitor	0.1μF ±20% / 10V
AGC Capacitor	0.22μF ±10% / 10V
VDD Bypass Capacitor	0.1μF ±20% / 10V
Charge Pump Capacitor	0.1μF ±20% / 25V
LDO Input Filter Capacitor	1.0μF / Ratings Dependent upon Supply Voltage
LDO Input Filter Resistor	2.2Ω ±1%
Low Pass Filter Resistor	750Ω ±1%

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## 8. Application Information

### 8.1 Pin Out and Signal Description

Number	Pin	Description
2, 8, 26, 27, 28	GND	Ground
9, 19	VDD	Positive supply voltage
12	CPOUT	Charge pump capacitor connection
14	Z-RATEOUT	Z-axis output, analog voltage proportional to rotational rate ( $\pm 67^\circ/\text{sec}$ FSR)
15	ZAGC	Amplitude control capacitor connection
16	Z-HP2	Z-axis input to the final output amplifier
20	Z-HP1	Output from first gain stage output amplifier
22	VREF	Voltage reference output
23	PTATS	Temperature sensor output
24	AZ	Auto Zero and high-pass filter (HPF) reset control pin. Pull low when not enabling auto zero or HPF reset.
10, 11, 13, 21, 25	RESV	Reserved. Do not connect.
1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 17, 18	NC	Not internally connected. May be used for PCB trace routing.



**Figure 3**

## 8.2 Design Considerations

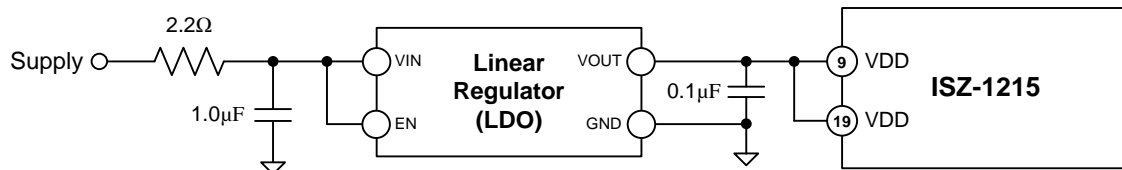
### 8.2.1 Power Supply Rejection Ratio

The gyro is most susceptible to power supply noise (ripple) at frequencies less than 100Hz. At less than 100Hz, the PSRR is determined by the overall internal gain of the gyroscope. Above 100Hz, the PSRR is determined by the characteristics of the on-chip low-pass filter. Above 1kHz, the PSRR is relatively constant except for a narrow frequency range corresponding to the resonant frequency of the Z-gyroscope.

### 8.2.2 Power Supply Filtering

The Power Supply Voltage (VDD) rise time (10% - 90%) must be less than 20ms at VDD (Pins 9 and 19) for proper device operation.

The ISZ-1215 gyroscope should be isolated from system power supply noise by a combination of an RC filter that attenuates high frequency noise and a Low Drop Out linear regulator (LDO) that attenuates low frequency noise. Figure 4 shows a typical configuration.



**Figure 4**

The low-pass RC filter should be chosen such that it provides significant attenuation of system noise at high frequencies. The LDO should be a low noise regulator ( $<100\mu\text{V}/\text{rtHz}$ ) that exhibits good noise rejection at low frequencies.

### 8.2.3 Amplitude Control

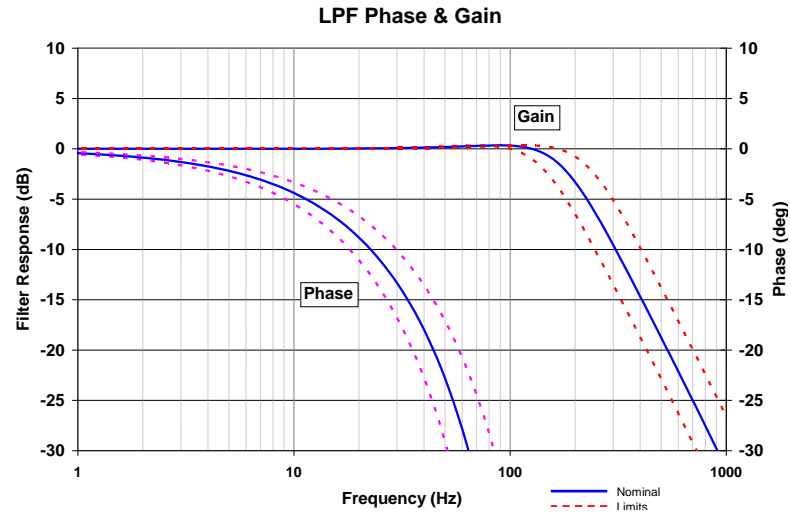
The scale factor of the gyroscope depends on the amplitude of the mechanical motion and the trim setting of the internal programmable gain stages. The oscillation circuit precisely controls the amplitude to maintain constant sensitivity over the specified temperature range. The capacitor connected to Pin 15 (ZAGC) is a compensation capacitor for the amplitude control loop.

### 8.2.4 Temperature Sensor

A built-in Proportional-To-Absolute-Temperature (PTAT) sensor provides temperature information on Pin 23 (PTATS). The temperature sensor output signal is analog, and has a bias of approximately 1.25V at room temperature, and increases at a rate of  $4\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$ . The output impedance is nominally  $12\text{k}\Omega$  and is therefore not designed to drive low impedance loads. If necessary, the output can be externally buffered with a low offset-drift buffer, and optionally a low-pass filter to minimize noise.

### 8.2.5 Internal Low-Pass Filter

After the demodulation stage, there is a low-pass filter. This filter limits noise and high frequency artifacts from the demodulator before final amplification. The following graph shows the typical gain and phase response. The low-pass filter has been designed for a nominally flat gain up to the cutoff frequency while still achieving a low phase delay at 10Hz and 30Hz.



**Figure 5**

### 8.2.6 External Low-Pass Circuitry

To further attenuate high-frequency noise, an optional external low-pass filter may be used.

### 8.2.7 High-Pass Filter

A high-pass filter is used to minimize DC rate offset variation (ZRO shift) due to temperature. The high-pass filter is implemented by connecting an RC combination between Z-HP1 and Z-HP2. The cut-off frequency for the filter is defined by  $f_{\text{cutoff}} = 1/2\pi RC$ . The following table shows examples of HPF configurations.

Cut-off Frequency (Hz)	Resistor (kΩ)	Capacitor (μF)
0.03	1000	4.7
0.1	330	4.7
0.3	330	1.5

### 8.2.8 High-Pass Filter Reset

The ISZ-1215 gyroscope circuitry includes an integrated switch to reset the external high-pass filter (HPF), if one is used. The switch is activated by bringing the AZ pin (Pin 24) high. This closes the reset switch and shorts the high-pass filter capacitor at Z-HP2 to VREF, allowing the capacitor to charge up quickly. Without the high-pass filter reset switch, the high-pass filter can take several seconds to initialize. It is recommended to reset the high-pass filter at startup and during overload conditions. The AZ Pin has an internal pull-up resistor of 300kΩ. During normal operation, the AZ pin should be pulled low. Note that the AZ input buffer is a Schmitt buffer with approximately 1.0V of hysteresis.



### **8.2.9 Auto Zero**

Auto Zero is a function that reduces the effect of Zero Rate Offset drift without the need for an external high-pass filter. If the Auto Zero function is used, a high-pass filter should not be used.

AZ works by keeping the gyro's Zero-Rate Output (ZRO) close to VREF, and thus allows the user to achieve a wider usable signal range, without using an external analog high pass filter.

When activated, the Auto Zero circuit internally nulls the ZRO to approximately VREF. The typical usage of Auto Zero is in conditions where:

1. The gyro's motion is known, such as when:
  - a. The gyro is stationary.
  - b. Other sensors can report angular rotation rate.
2. The DC value of the gyro output is not important, but only the AC value is. In this case, a digital ac filter may be used to extract the gyro data, which provides a higher-quality output than is possible with an analog R-C filter.

The Auto Zero function is initiated on the rising edge of the AZ pin. The Auto Zero settling time is typically 7ms. This time includes the time required for nulling the ZRO and for the settling of the internal low pass filter (LPF). If the external LPF bandwidth is less than 200Hz, the Auto Zero settling time will be longer than specified.

The AZ pulse width should meet the specified minimum time requirement of 2 $\mu$ s to start the Auto Zero function, and should be shorter than the maximum specified time of 1,500 $\mu$ s. The Auto Zero pulse should occur after the start-up period to cancel any initial calibration error.

If the AutoZero function is not used, the AZ pin ( pin 24) should be connected to ground.

### **8.2.10 High Impedance Nodes**

The ZAGC pin is a high impedance node (>1Mohm). Any coating, glue or epoxy on this pin or on the capacitor connected to this pin, will affect part performance and should be avoided.

### **8.2.11 Charge Pump**

The on-chip charge pump requires a capacitor for stable operation. This capacitor should be 0.1 $\mu$ F and rated for 25V.

### **8.2.12 Proper Interface Cleaning**

Proper cleaning of PCB solder pads prior to assembly is recommended. PCB surface contaminants at pin 15 may affect part performance.

### **8.2.13 Acoustic Noise Sensitivity**

The ISZ-1215 gyroscope is insensitive to vibration except for a narrow frequency range near the gyro's resonant frequency and at odd multiples of the resonant frequency. The typical bandwidth of the acoustic sensitivity is 200Hz. It is recommended that products using the ISZ-1215 gyroscope along with mechanical actuators be designed such that the acoustic noise in the 20kHz to 31kHz range be attenuated by the product's enclosure avoids these frequency ranges.

### **8.2.14 Electrostatic Discharge Sensitivity**

The ISZ-1215 gyroscope can be permanently damaged by an electrostatic discharge. ESD precautions for handling and storage are recommended.

## 9. Assembly

### 9.1 Package Dimensions

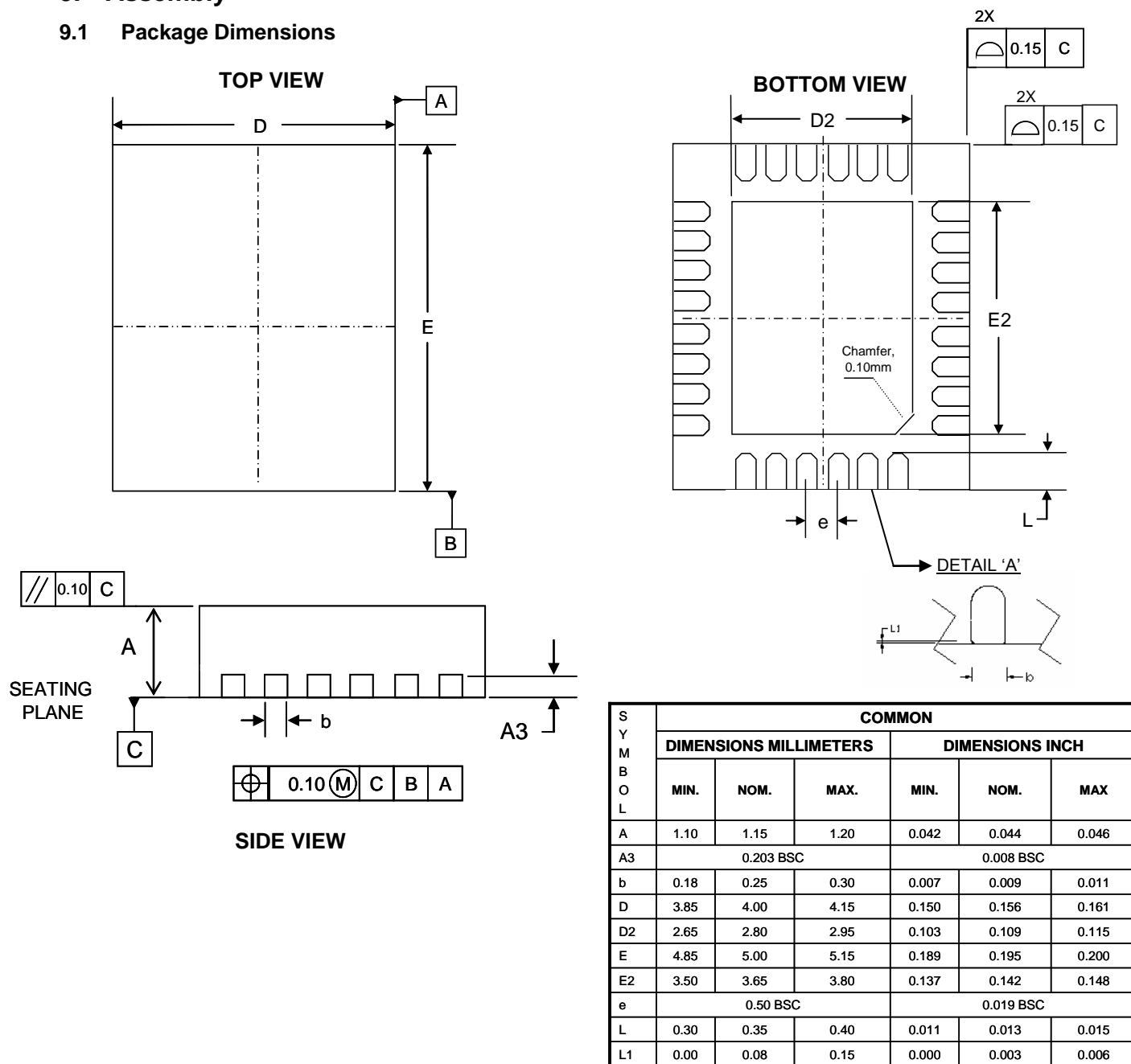


Figure 6

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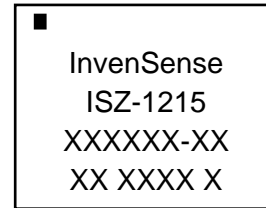
## 9.2 Package Marking Specification

Line 1 = Company Name

Line 2 = Part Number

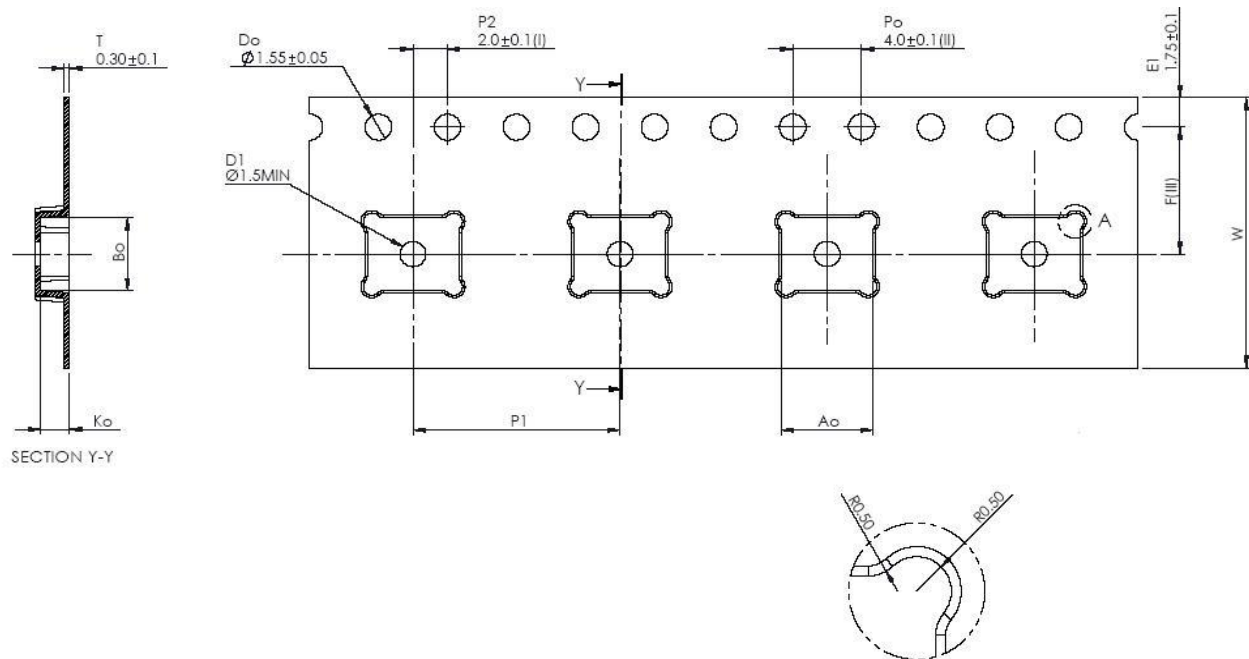
Line 3 = Lot Traceability Code

Line 4 = Fabricator, Assembly, Date Code, Revision



**Top View**

## 9.3 Tape & Reel Specification



**DETAIL 'A'**

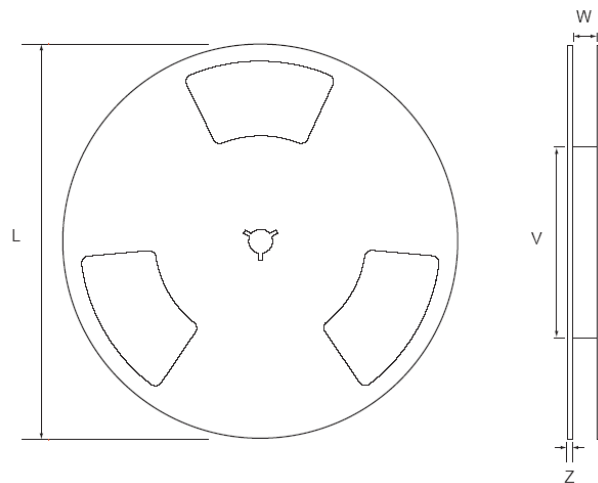
- (I) Measured from centerline of sprocket hole to centerline of pocket.
  - (II) Cumulative tolerance of 10 sprocket holes is  $\pm 0.20$ .
  - (III) Measured from centerline of sprocket holes to centerline of pocket.
  - (IV) Other material available.
- ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

PKG SIZE	CARRIER TAPE (mm)							
	Tape Width (W)	Pocket Pitch (P1)	Ao	Bo	Ko	F	Leader Length (Min.)	Trailer Length (Min.)
4x5	16.00 $\pm 0.3$	12.00 $\pm 0.1$	5.30 $\pm 0.1$	4.30 $\pm 0.1$	1.65 $\pm 0.1$	7.50 $\pm 0.1$	300	300

**Figure 7**

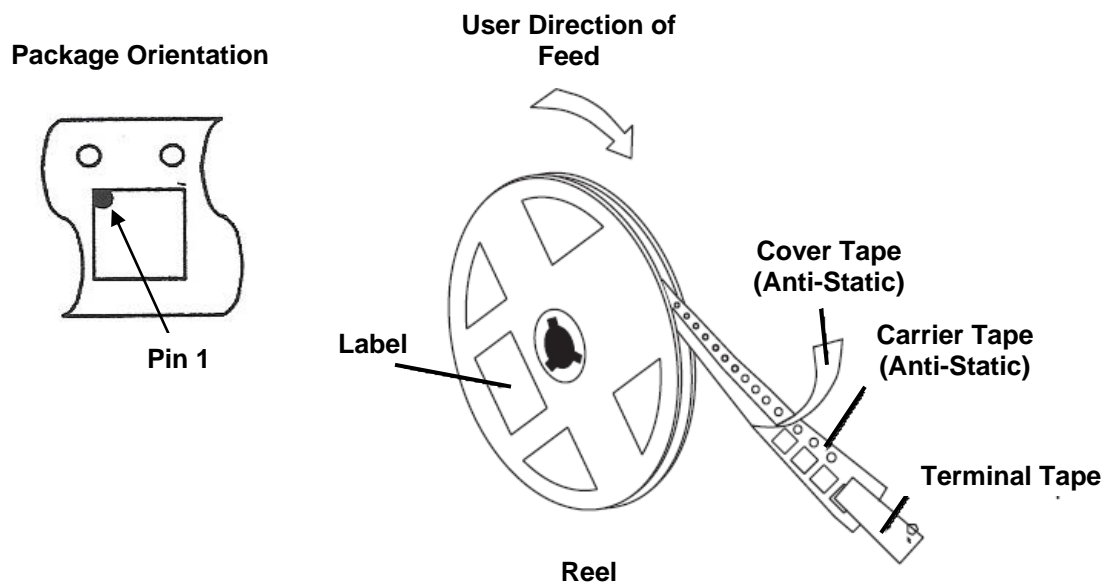


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**Figure 8**

PKG SIZE	REEL (mm)			
	L	V	W	Z
4x5	330	100	16.4	3.0



**Figure 9**

Quantity Per Reel	5000
Reels per Pizza Box	1
Pizza Boxes Per Carton (max)	3 full pizza boxes packed in the center of the carton, buffered by two empty pizza boxes (front and back).
Pieces/Carton (max)	15,000

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## 9.4 Label

### InvenSense

DEVICE (IP) : ISZ-1215A P.O.:



LOT 1 (IT) : 123456-7



LOT 2 (IT) :



Reel Date : 24/06/09

D/C (D) : 0925



D/C (D) :



REEL QTY (Q) : 3000



QTY (Q) : 3000



QTY (Q) :



QC STAMP



Location of Label

## 9.5 Packing




Moisture Barrier Bag  
With Labels

Anti-static Label

Moisture-Sensitive  
Caution Label

Tape & Reel Label

 <b>Caution</b> This bag contains <b>MOISTURE-SENSITIVE DEVICES</b>		<b>LEVEL</b> <input type="checkbox"/>
1. Calculated shelf life in sealed bag: 12 months at <40°C and <90% relative humidity (RH)		
2. Peak package body temperature: _____ °C <small>If blank, see adjacent bar code label</small>		
3. After bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature process must a) Mounted within: _____ hours of factory conditions <small>If blank, see adjacent bar code label</small> <30°C/60% RH, OR b) Stored at <10% RH		
4. Devices require bake, before mounting, if: a) Humidity Indicator Card is >10% when read at 23 ± 5°C b) 3a or 3b not met		
5. If baking is required, devices may be baked for 48 hours at 125 ± 5°C Note: If device containers cannot be subjected to high temperature or shorter bake times are desired, reference IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 for bake procedure		
Bag Seal Date: _____ <small>If blank, see adjacent bar code label</small>		
<small>Note: Level and body temperature defined by IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033</small>		

Moisture-Sensitive Caution Label



Reel in Pizza Box



Pizza Box with Tape & Reel Label

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## 9.6 Trace Routing

Routing traces or vias under the gyro package such that they run under the exposed die pad is prohibited.

## 9.7 Soldering Exposed Die Pad

The exposed die pad is internally connected to VSS, and should not be soldered to the PCB since soldering to it contributes to performance changes due to package thermo-mechanical stress.

## 9.8 Component Placement

There are no specific design considerations other than generally accepted industry design practices for component placement near the ISZ-1215 gyroscope to prevent noise coupling.

## 9.9 AGC Node

The gyro pin marked ZAGC is a high impedance node that is sensitive to current leakage, which can impact gyroscope performance. Care should be taken to ensure that this node is not contaminated by residue such as flux and is clean.

## 9.10 MEMS Handling Instructions

MEMS (Micro Electro-Mechanical Systems) are a time-proven, robust technology used in hundreds of millions of consumer, automotive and industrial products. MEMS devices consist of microscopic moving mechanical structures. They differ from conventional IC products even though they can be found in similar packages. Therefore, MEMS devices require different handling precautions than conventional ICs prior to mounting onto printed circuit boards (PCBs).

InvenSense's ISZ-1215 gyroscopes have a shock tolerance of 10,000g. InvenSense packages its gyroscopes as it deems proper for protection against normal handling and shipping. It recommends the following handling precautions to prevent potential damage:

- Individually packaged gyroscopes or trays of gyroscopes should not be dropped on hard surfaces. Components placed in trays could be subject to g-forces in excess of 10,000g if dropped.
- Printed circuit boards that incorporate mounted gyroscopes should not be separated by manually snapping apart. This could also create g-forces in excess of 10,000g.

## 9.11 Gyroscope Surface Mount Guidelines

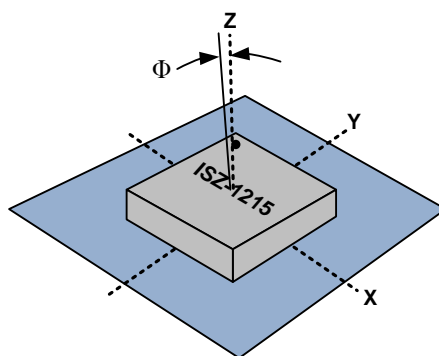
Any material used in the surface mount assembly process of the MEMS gyroscope should be free of restricted RoHS elements or compounds. Pb-free solders should be used for assembly.

In order to assure gyroscope performance, several industry standard guidelines need to be considered for surface mounting. These guidelines are for both printed circuit board (PCB) design and surface mount assembly and are available from packaging and assembly houses.

When using MEMS gyroscope components in plastic packages, package stress due to PCB mounting and assembly could affect the output offset and its value over a wide range of temperatures. This is caused by the mismatch between the Coefficient Temperature Expansion (CTE) of the package material and the PCB. Care must be taken to avoid package stress due to mounting.

## 9.12 PCB Mounting and Cross-Axis Sensitivity

Orientation errors of the gyroscope mounted to the printed circuit board can cause cross-axis sensitivity in which one gyro responds to rotation about another axis, for example, the Z-axis gyroscope responding to rotation about the X or Y axes. The orientation mounting errors are illustrated in the figure below.



**Package Gyro Axes ( ..... ) Relative to PCB Axes ( ——— ) with Orientation Error ( $\Phi$ )**

**Figure 10**

The table below shows the cross-axis sensitivity as a percentage of the specified gyroscope's sensitivity for a given orientation error.

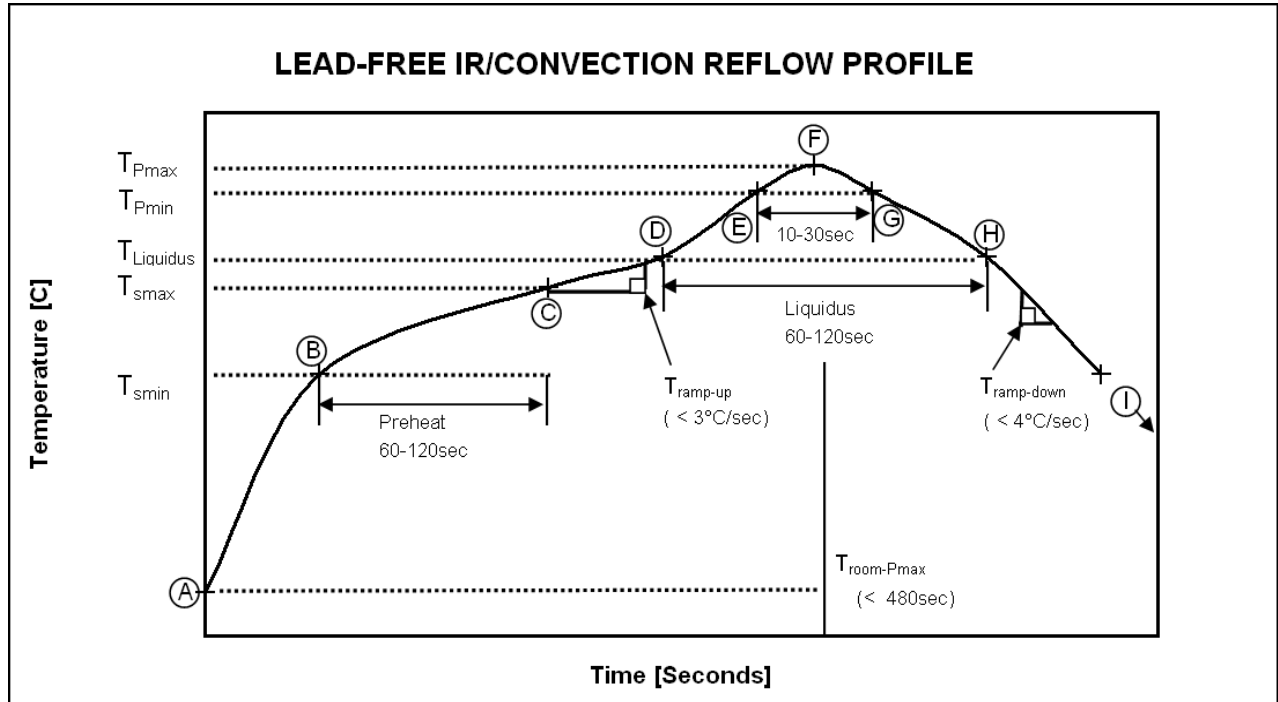
**Cross-Axis Sensitivity vs. Orientation Error**

<b>Orientation Error (<math>\Phi</math>)</b>	<b>Cross-Axis Sensitivity (<math>\sin\Phi</math>)</b>
0°	0%
0.5°	0.87%
1°	1.75%

The specification for cross-axis sensitivity in Section 7 includes the effect of the die orientation error with respect to the package.

### 9.13 Reflow Specification

The approved solder reflow curve shown in the figure below conforms to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.01 (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Non hermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) with a maximum peak temperature ( $T_c = 260^\circ\text{C}$ ). This is specified for component-supplier reliability qualification testing using lead-free solder for package thicknesses less than 1.6 mm. The reliability qualification pre-conditioning used by InvenSense incorporates three of these conforming reflow cycles. All temperatures refer to the topside of the QFN package, as measured on the package body surface. Customer solder-reflow processes should use the solder manufacturer's recommendations, making sure to never exceed the constraints listed in the table and figure below, as these represent the maximum tolerable ratings for the device. For optimum results, production solder reflow processes should use lower temperatures, reduced exposure times to high temperatures, and lower ramp-up and ramp-down rates than those listed below.



**Approved IR/Convection Solder Reflow Curve**

**Temperature Set Points for IR / Convection Reflow Corresponding to Figure Above**

Step	Setting	CONSTRAINTS		
		Temp ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )	Time (sec)	Rate ( $^\circ\text{C}/\text{sec}$ )
A	$T_{\text{room}}$	25		
B	$T_{\text{smin}}$	150		
C	$T_{\text{smax}}$	200	$60 < t_{\text{BC}} < 120$	
D	$T_{\text{Liquidus}}$	217		$r_{(\text{TL-TPmax})} < 3$
E	$T_{\text{Pmin}}$ [ $\leq T_{\text{Pmax}} - 5^\circ\text{C}, 255^\circ\text{C}$ ]	255		$r_{(\text{TL-TPmax})} < 3$
F	$T_{\text{Pmax}}$ [260°C]	260 -0/+5°C	$t_{\text{AF}} < 480$	$r_{(\text{TL-TPmax})} < 3$
G	$T_{\text{Pmin}}$	255	$t_{\text{EG}} < 30$	$r_{(\text{TPmax-TL})} < 6$
H	$T_{\text{Liquidus}}$	217	$60 < t_{\text{DH}} < 120$	
I	$T_{\text{room}}$	25		

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## 9.14 Storage Specifications

The storage specification of the ISZ-1215 gyroscope conforms to Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) 3, as defined by IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.01.

### Storage Specifications for ISZ-1215

Calculated shelf-life in moisture-sealed bag	12 months -- Storage conditions: <40°C and <90% RH
After opening moisture-sealed bag	168 hours -- Storage conditions: ambient ≤30°C at 60% RH

## 10. Reliability

### 10.1 Qualification Test Policy

InvenSense's products complete a Qualification Test Plan before being released to production. The Qualification Test Plan follows the JEDEC 47D Standards, "Stress-Test-Driven Qualification of Integrated Circuits," with the individual tests described below.

### 10.2 Qualification Test Plan

#### Accelerated Life Tests

Test	Method/Condition	Lot Quantity	Samples / Lot	Accept / Reject Criteria
<b>High Temperature Operating Life (HTOL/LFR)</b>	JEDEC JESD22-A108C, Dynamic, 3.63V biased, T <sub>j</sub> >125°C [read-points 168, 500, 1000 hours]	3	77	(1/2)
<b>Steady-State Temperature Humidity Unbiased Life <sup>(1)</sup></b>	JEDEC JESD22-A101C, 85°C/85%RH [read-points 168, 500, 1000 hours]	3	77	(1/2)
<b>High Temperature Storage Life</b>	JEDEC JESD22-A103C, Cond. A, 125°C Non-Bias Bake [read-points 168, 500, 1000 hours]	3	77	(1/2)

#### Device Component Level Tests

Test	Method/Condition	Lot Quantity	Samples / Lot	Accept / Reject Criteria
<b>ESD-HBM</b>	JEDEC JESD22-A114F, Class 2 (2KV)	1	15	(0/1)
<b>ESD-MM</b>	JEDEC JESD22-A115-A, Class B (200V)	1	12	(0/1)
<b>Latch Up</b>	JEDEC JESD78B Class 1 (25°C), Level 1 ( +/- 100mA)	1	6	(0/1)
<b>Mechanical Shock</b>	JEDEC JESD22-B104C, Mil-Std-883, method 2002, Cond. D, 10,000g's, 0.3ms, ±X,Y,Z – 6 directions, 5 times/direction	3	5	(0/1)
<b>Vibration</b>	JEDEC JESD22-B103B, Variable Frequency (random), Cond. B, 5-500Hz, X,Y,Z – 4 times/direction	3	5	(0/1)
<b>Temperature Cycling <sup>(1)</sup></b>	JEDEC JESD22-A104D Condition N, -40°C to +85°C, Soak Mode 2, 100 cycles	3	77	(1/2)

(1) Tests are preceded by MSL3 Preconditioning in accordance with JEDEC JESD22-A113F

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## 11. Environmental Compliance

The ISZ-1215 gyroscope is RoHS and Green compliant.

**Assembler:** Lingsen Precision Industries, Inc.  
**Package Type:** QFN 28L 4x5x1.2mm  
**Package Total Mass (mg):** 61.25

Component	Substance	CAS Number	Percent (%)	Material Weight (mg)	Amount of Substance (mg)
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### Semiconductor Device

Silicon Chip	Doped Silicon (Si)	7440-21-3	100	6.94	6.94
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### Lead Frame (ASM 28N C7025AG, with JAU JANQ Matte Sn Finish)

Base Metal	Copper (Cu)	7440-50-8	Balance	10.32	9.964
Base Metal	Iron (Fe)	7439-89-6	2.1-2.6		0.227
Base Metal	Phosphorus (P)	7723-14-0	0.015-0.15		0.009
Base Metal	Zinc (Zn)	7440-66-6	0.05-0.20		0.013
Finish Plating	Matte Tin (Sn)	7440-31-5	1.04		0.107

### Bond Wire (Sumitomo Metal Mining 1.0MIL (2KM) SGL-2 Gold Wire)

Gold Metal	Gold (Au)	7440-57-5	>99.99	1.12	1.120
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### Die Attach Adhesive (Henkel Ablebond 2025D)

Filler	Dimethyl Siloxane, Dimethylvinylsiloxyl-Terminated	068083-19-2	Balance	0.78	0.679
Filler	Trimethylated Silica	068909-20-6	7-13		0.078
Filler	Dimethyl, Methylhydrogen Siloxane, Hydrogen-Terminated	069013-23-6	1-5		0.023

### Mold Compound (Sumitomo Bakelite GREEN EME-G770H)

Filler	Epoxy Resin-1	Trade Secret	2-5	42.14	1.475
Filler	Epoxy Resin-2	Trade Secret	1-3		0.843
Filler	Phenol Resin	Trade Secret	2-5		1.475
Hardener	Silica	60676-86-0	Balance		33.84
Coloring Material	Carbon Black	1333-86-4	Approx. 0.2		0.084
Filler	Metal Hydroxide	Trade Secret	1-10		2.318
-	Others	-	Max. 5		2.107

### Test results for RoHS banned substances/compounds:

Substance/Compound	Test Method	Die	Lead-frame	Bond Wire	Die Attach Adhesive	Mold Compound
Hexavalent Chromium	EPA3060A/ 7196A	Not Available	ND(<5)	ND(<2)	ND(<1)	ND (<2)
Cadmium	EN1122 Method B:2001	Not Available	ND(<5)	ND(<2)	ND(<2)	ND (<2)
Mercury	US EPA 3052	Not Available	ND(<5)	ND(<2)	ND(<2)	ND (<2)
Lead	US EPA 3050B	Not Available	ND(<10)	ND(<2)	ND(<2)	ND (<2)
PBBs	EPA3540B/ 3550B	Not Available	ND(<250)	ND(<5)	ND(<5)	ND(<5)
PBDEs	EPA3540B/ 3550B	Not Available	ND(<250)	ND(<5)	ND(<5)	ND(<5)

ND = Not Detected

### Environmental Declaration Disclaimer:

InvenSense believes this environmental information to be correct but cannot guarantee accuracy or completeness. Conformity documents for the above component are on file. InvenSense subcontracts manufacturing and the information contained herein is based on data received from vendors and suppliers. This information has not been validated by InvenSense.

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